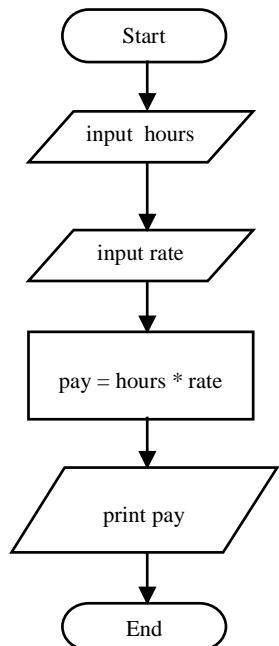


Introductory Examples of Flowcharts and Pseudocode

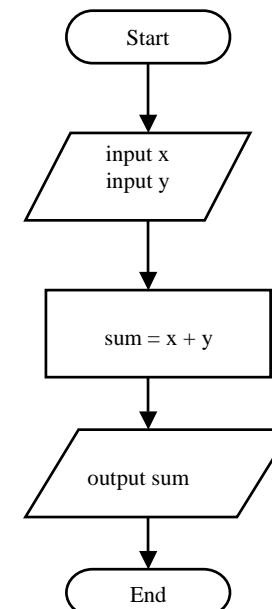
Chapter 3

Calculate Pay - sequence



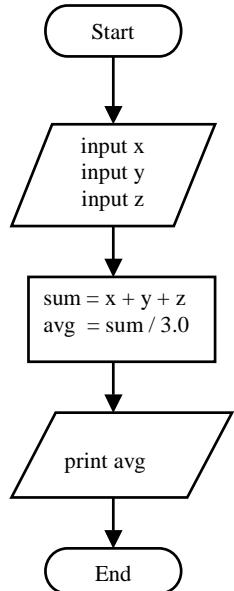
```
Begin  
    input hours  
    input rate  
    pay = hours * rate  
    print pay  
End
```

Sum of 2 Numbers - sequence



```
Begin  
    input x, y  
    sum = x + y  
    print sum  
End
```

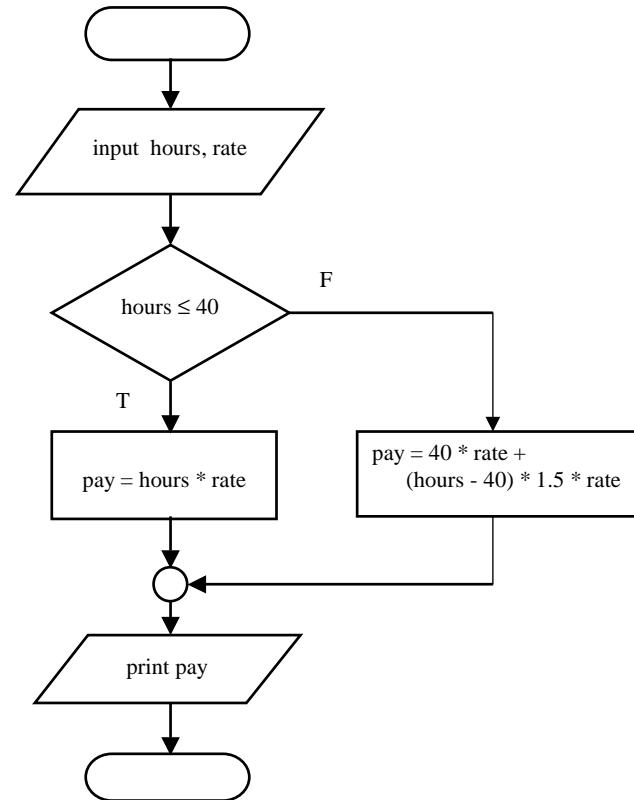
Average of 3 Numbers - sequence



```

Begin
  input x
  input y
  input z
  sum = x + y + z
  avg = sum / 3.0
  print avg
End
  
```

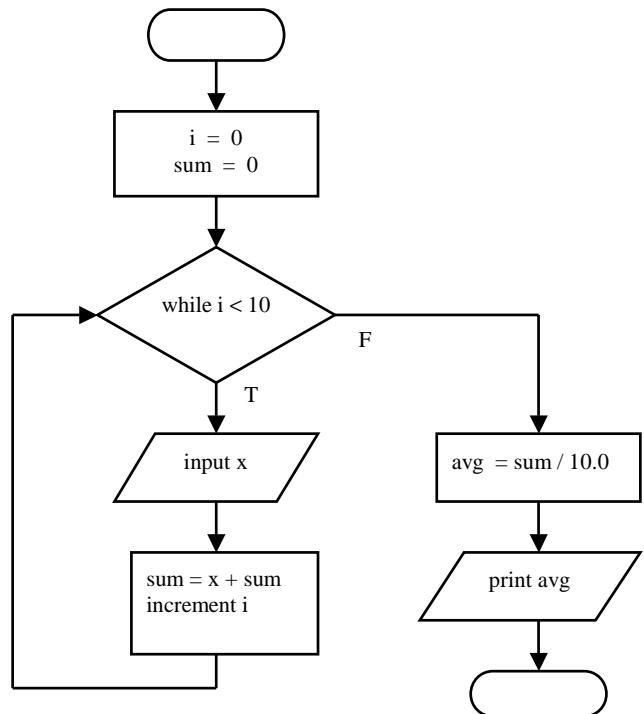
Calculate Pay with Overtime - selection



```

Begin
  input hours, rate
  if hours ≤ 40 then
    pay = hours * rate
  else
    pay = 40 * rate + (hours - 40) * rate * 1.5
  print pay
End
  
```

Average of 10 Numbers – iteration with a while loop



```

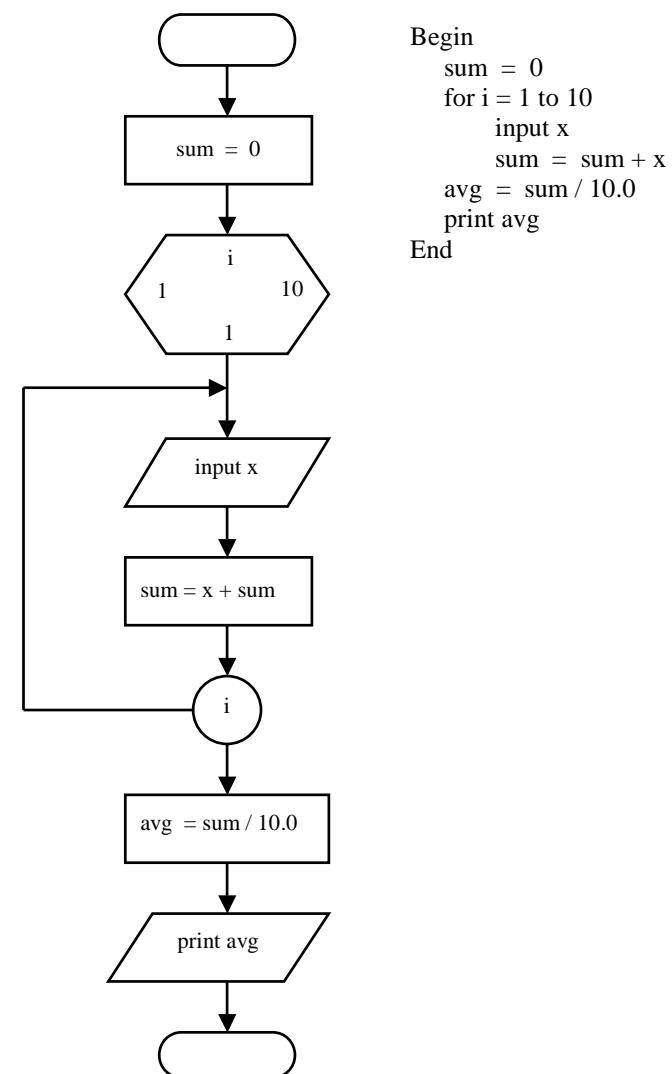
Begin
  i = 0
  sum = 0
  while i < 10
    input x
    sum = sum + x
    ++i
  avg = sum / 10.0
  print avg
End
  
```

```

Begin
  i = 0
  sum = 0
  a: if i ≥ 10 goto b
      input x
      sum = sum + x
      ++i
      goto a
  b: avg = sum / 10.0
      print avg
End
  
```

Comment Strictly speaking, the above flowchart corresponds more to the pseudocode on the right hand side. However, as you can see, ‘gotos’ make code less modular and more unreadable.

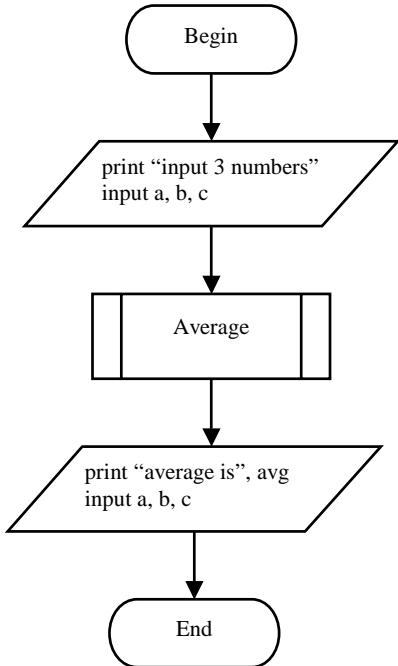
Average of 10 Numbers – iteration with a for loop



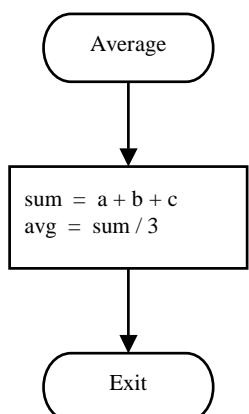
```

Begin
  sum = 0
  for i = 1 to 10
    input x
    sum = sum + x
  avg = sum / 10.0
  print avg
End
  
```

Flowchart for Function or Subroutine Module



```
Begin  
print "Input 3 numbers: "  
input a, b, c  
avg = average(a, b, c)  
print "Average is ", avg  
End
```



```
Begin Average(a, b, c)  
sum = a + b + c  
avg = sum / 3.0  
return avg  
End
```